

# The acceptability and feasibility of smartphone-based recovery coaching and contingency management to reduce substance use among young adults.

## **Background and Significance**

- High rates of substance use and low treatment engagement for young adults (18-24 years old) is a major healthcare problem.
- Contingency management (CM) is a highly effective but rarely used method to reduce substance use.
- Young adults are known to be specially focused and fluent  $\bullet$ in online applications and may be more interested in a technology based CM approach for reducing their substance use.

## Methods

- Through a college health center's SBIRT efforts, students identified with risky substance misuse (alcohol, nicotine, marijuana, other drugs) were offered the opportunity to sign up for smartphone-based contingency management (CM) offering a) facetime recovery coaching, b) remote biometric substance monitoring, c) wellness-based activity scheduling, d) CBT modules and e) "smart bank" incentives.
- This CM approach accepted student-chosen substance goals as targets for enhancing engagement and internal motivation.

## **Research Purpose**

- To analyze acceptance and feasibility of this unique smartphone based CM approach.
- To understand factors influencing engagement and success reducing substance use risk.

## Sample

15 students enrolled; 33% female, 25% nonbinary; 33% BIPOC\*; Mean age = 20.5. Active an average of 5.3 months. 12 and 10 students completed the 3- and 6-month follow ups.

## Win C Turner, PhD, LADC & Jody L Kamon, PhD Center for Behavioral Health Integration, LLC



80%

70%

60%

50%

40%

30%

20%

10%

avg of 18.

"They meet your where you're at - they just keep working with you. Its really cool - the monetary compensation gives you motivation to work the program." -student



Relative importance of Dynamicare components to students



Students rank ordered the 5 Dynamicare components from "most helpful" to "least helpful." Most helpful ratings are stacked at the bottom, least helpful at the top.

#### The majority of students found monetary incentives most helpful followed by recovery coaching, activity scheduling, CBT modules, and biometric testing.

"When I started, I hit my goal right away but I found the tests were really helpful. It's easy to break a commitment to yourself so having the incentives is helpful. It's great at keeping the quitting going. I've quit for a week or two but then gone back to it before. Also not having to talk to a person was helpful. The app reminders were great. The app is really well designed."

[Dynamicare] "gave me a lot more accountability in regards to the testing. I know the days I shouldn't be using. Reward system is helpful. Self-guided surveys were helpful. I liked a lot of the stuff in them. Coaching was helpful too especially because we weren't face-to-face but still had that accountability. -student

### Outcomes

- Students earned an average of \$40 per month in incentives.
- Cost averaged \$220 per student per month
- Initially, students demonstrated strong decreases in nicotine use. Coincidentally, the 3 month data collection timepoint occurred in the early stages of COVID's emergence in the US.

## Limitations

2.5



were daily users initially, decreased and increased back to daily use 6 months later. The dash line represents the mean across all students with 3 timepoints.

- Small pilot sample
- Emergence of COVID displaced students making it difficult for them to continue all aspects consistently.
- Design prioritized engagement vs. measuring effectiveness.

## Conclusion

- Student engagement and satisfaction in Dynamicare is strong. Engagement in CBT modules can be enhanced.
- Results promising for nicotine use. Additional research needed to maximize ability to measure effectiveness in reducing nicotine, alcohol and other substance use.



Changes in nicotine use over time (n=10)

#### Data demonstrated promising decreasing trends in alcohol use (US AUDIT), depression (PHQ9), and anxiety (GAD7).

\*BIPOC stands for Black, indigenous, person of color